The Profile of a Christian

Acts 11:19-30

Introduction:

- A. No name is more honored nor abused that "Christian."
- B. Our text is the first time Christian is used in the Bible.
 - 1. Believed to be a fulfillment of Isaiah 62:2.
 - 2. Used twice after this (Acts 26:28; 1 Pet. 4:16)
- C. How would you describe a Christian?
- D. A close verse by verse look at our text should help us profile a Christian.

Discussion:

I. Verses 19-21

A. One that has heard the gospel, believed it and turned to the Lord

- 1. Turning involves obedience (Acts 3:19 {ASV, NIV} with Acts 2:38)
- 2. Can on be a Christian and not be in Christ? Baptized into Christ (Rom. 6:3)

B. One who is unconcerned about who gets credit for good.

- 1. What were the names of those who started the Antioch church?
- 2. Our concern should be that God get the glory? (Cf. 1 Cor. 3:5-7)

C. One who talks the Bible (v. 19)

- 1. The went "speaking" or talking the word (ASV)
- 2. We talk about politics, the weather, our work, our neighbors.
- 3. Seldom talk about the Bible.

D. One who is not a quitter (v. 19)

- 1. Persecution did not stop those early Christians.
- 2. Compare to little things that cause "Christians" to quit today.

E. One who is indebted to others (v. 20)

- 1. What if these had stayed in Jerusalem? No church at Antioch.
- 2. What if all had been like those in verse 19? Only Jews would be saved.
- 3. All are indebted to those who brought them the gospel.

F. One who wants to share the gospel. (v. 20)

- 1. Acts not only book of conversion, but book of sharing the gospel with the lost.
- 2. Understand more that what to do to be saved what it means to be saved.
- 3. Cannot be a Christian and not want to share gospel with others (cf. Rom 1:14-16).

II. Verses 23-24

A. One with a supreme purpose ("purpose of heart" - cf. Matt. 6:33)

- 1. Singleness of heart or purpose (Acts 2:46)
- 2. Every thing else must serve that purpose.

B. One who cleaves to the Lord (v. 23)

- 1. Like the marriage relationship (Matt. 19:5).
- 2. Christians married to the Lord (Rom. 7:1-4)
- C. One in whom graced of God can be seen (v. 23; cf. Matt. 5:16).

D. One who is a good person (v. 24)

- 1. One can be good person and not Christian, but not Christian an not be good.
- 2. A mean person cannot be Christian if mean to husband, wife, neighbor, etc.

III. Verse 26-29

- A. One who assembles (v. 26; cf. Heb. 10:25)
- B. One who accepts responsibility (v. 29)
 - 1. Not as little as can do.
 - 2. But as much as can do according to abilitity.

C. One who is in the Lord's church.

- 1. None were members of any other church.
- 2. "Everlasting name" within Lord's house and walls (Isa. 56:5).
- 3. Church is God's house (1 Tim. 3:15) how many houses does He have?

Conclusion:

- A. Are you a Christian like those at Antioch?
- B. If not, why not become one now?