

# **“The Lord's Day”**

**Rev. 1:10**

## **Introduction:**

- A. John does not specify day -- most agree first day of week.
  - 1. Because of its prominence in New Testament.
  - 2. Because of activities recorded elsewhere.
  - 3. “Lord’s” (belonging to the Lord) — same word for Supper and Day.
- B. Three good reasons to conclude that the “Lord’s Day” refers to the first day of the week:

## **Discussion:**

### **I. Jesus Was Raised On The First Day Of The Week.**

- A. Four gospel writers agree. (Matt. 28:1; Mk. 16:1,2,9; Lk. 24:1; Jno. 20:1).
- B. The importance of this event to us. (1 Cor. 15).
  - 1. To our faith. (v. 17).
  - 2. To our sins. (v. 17).
  - 3. To our hope. (v. 18-19; cf. 1 Thess. 4:13-18).
  - 4. To our baptism. (v. 29; cf. Rom. 6:3,4).
  - 5. To our godly living. (vv. 30-34; 58).

### **II. The Church Of Christ Was Established On The First Day Of The Week.**

- A. Pentecost = 50 for 50 days after passover.
- B. Events of Pentecost marked beginning of Church.
  - 1. Pre and post pentecost references to church.
  - 2. Outpouring of H.S. had three-fold purpose.
    - a. Inspire Apostles.
    - b. Power to confirm their word.
    - c. Confirmed Jesus's position at right hand of God.
      - (1) King over kingdom (Acts 2:22-36).
      - (2) Head over church. (Eph. 1:20-23).
- C. Importance of Church. (Eph. 5).

### **III. The Lord’s Church Met For the Lord’s Supper On The First Day Of The Week.**

- A. Day to assemble for Lord's supper. (Acts 20:7).
- B. Day to lay by in store. (1 Cor. 16:1,2).
- C. The significance and importance of the Lord's supper. (Matt. 26:26-30; 1 Cor. 11:17ff).

## **Conclusion:**

- A. This indeed significant day for Christians.
- B. Others may have their days, but Christians have this day.