The Bible

2 Tim. 3:15-17

Introduction:

- A. The Bible is:
 - 1. From "Biblos", meaning the book.
 - 2. Also called "scriptures" or writings.
 - 3. World's best seller. (3,000,000 per year by A.B.S.)
 - 4. Found in most languages.
 - 5. Found in most American homes.
- B. The Bible is worthy of our study we want to make some observations about: Discussion:

I. The Origin Of The Bible.

- A. Written as 66 separate documents over about 1600 years in various places.
 - 1. Old Testament complete about 400 B.C. Jews its custodians. (Rom. 3:2).
 - 2. New Testament complete in 1st century (Jude 3) collected early.
- B. Written by 40 plus inspired men. (2 Tim. 3:15-17).
 - 1. Old Testament. (2 Pet. 1:20,21).
 - 2. New Testament. (2 Pet. 3:16; 1 Tim. 5:18; cf Lk 10:7)
- C. Written in way that it is self-evidently inspired.
 - 1. Unity of its theme. (cf. puzzle that fits together)
 - 2. Accuracy of it prophecies.
- D. Written in very words the Holy Spirit selected. (1 Cor. 2:13)

II. The Language Of The Bible.

- A. Written in language of common people. (O.T. Hebrew; N.T. Greek).
 - 1. Translated into many languages.
 - 2. KJV was not the version of the apostles.
- B. Written in both literal and figurative language a good translation.
 - 1. Ordinary rules of language used to determine which like other literature.
 - 2. Most obviously literal, some obviously figurative. (Rev. 1:1; John 15:1-2).

III. The Use Of The Bible. (2 Tim. 3:15-17).

- A. Used to make one wise unto salvation. (2 Tim. 3:15; Jas. 1:21; 1 Pet. 1:23).
- B. Used to reprove and rebuke. (2 Tim. 4:2).
- C. Used to correct one's life. (v. 17; Jas. 1:23-25).
- D. Used to comfort and encourage. (Rom. 15:4; 2 Tim. 4:2).

IV. The Misuse Of The Bible. (2 Pet. 3:16).

- A. Some twist it's text and application.
 - 1. Should not be made to say what doesn't say in context.
 - 2. Should not make it say what we think it should say.
- B. Some twist it's purpose.
 - 1. Think it is or should be a textbook on science and art.
 - 2. Think it is or should a detailed history in advance. (cf. Armstrong).
- C. Some twist its basic use.
 - 1. Used just settle curiosity and arguments as intellectual exercise.
 - 2. Used merely as an ornament or symbol of an inherited faith.

Conclusion:

- A. The Bible is God's revelation to man of His plan for man.
- B. The Bible is God's revelation and instructions for our salvation.